

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

CONSOLAN WETTERSCHUTZFARBE Weiss

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : CONSOLAN WETTERSCHUTZFARBE Weiss

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Professional use
Consumer use

Uses advised against

None

**Product use** : Waterborne coating for exterior use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Akzo Nobel Coatings GmbH Aubergstrasse 7 A-5161 Elixhausen

Telefon: +43 (0)810 / 500 138 Telefax: +43 (0)662 / 489 89 11

www.xyladecor.at

e-mail address of person

: sdbinfo@akzonobel.com

responsible for this SDS

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

**Telephone number** : +43 1 406 43 43

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

**Hazard statements**: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Precautionary statements** 

**General**: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**: P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national or international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one and CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed.

Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according

to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥15 - ≤20	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	EC: 203-489-0 CAS: 107-41-5 Index: 603-053-00-3	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
vinyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119471301-50 EC: 203-545-4 CAS: 108-05-4 Index: 607-023-00-0	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 2, H351 (oral) STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]
ammonia	EC: 215-647-6 CAS: 1336-21-6	≤0.3	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 5%	[1] [2]

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

SECTION 3: Compo	osition/informati	ion on in	gredients		
			STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	M [Acute] = 1	
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.5 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
terbutryn	EC: 212-950-5 CAS: 886-50-0	≤0.023	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.05 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 10	[1]
bronopol (INN)	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10	[1]
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	REACH #: 01-2120764691-48 EC: 911-418-6 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	≤0.0014	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.05 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Get medical

attention if irritation occurs.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed

person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting

unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

 $Contains \ 1, 2-benzisothiazol-3 (2H)-one, \ CMIT/MIT (3:1). \ May \ produce \ an \ allergic \ reaction.$ 

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

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# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to

local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

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# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

## 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021).

CEIL: 49 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 49 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

vinyl acetate Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values

(Austria, 4/2021).

CEIL: 35.2 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.

TWA: 17.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.

CEIL: 10 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.

ammonia Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 14 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Spitzenbegrenzung: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Spitzenbegrenzung: 36 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. **Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [5-chloro-**

CMIT/MIT(3:1)

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-one (mixture in the ratio 3:1)] Skin sensitizer.

TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	15 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	42 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	44.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	49 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	49 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	98 mg/m³	Workers	Local
vinyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.42 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.42 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
IPBC	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.023 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	· ·		
	DNEL	Long term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	· ·		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		•
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/	General	Systemic
, ,			kg bw/day	population	•
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		•
	DNEL	Long term	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J	population	•
	DNEL	Long term	6.81 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	· ·		•
bronopol (INN)	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.004 mg/	General	Local
,			cm²	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.004 mg/	General	Local
			cm²	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.008 mg/	Workers	Local
			cm²		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.008 mg/	Workers	Local
			cm²		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	0.0g,	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.7 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Short term	1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		-,
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Short term	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	D.1122	Inhalation	2.0 mg/m	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2004.
	DNEL	Long term	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	o.o mg/m	VVOIKOIO	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Official Definal	bw/day	VVOIKEIS	Oysternic
					Cuatamia
	DNEI	Short torm	10 5 ma/m3	Markers	
	DNEL	Short term	10.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
CMIT/MIT/2·1)		Inhalation			•
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term	10.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m³	General population	Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)		Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term		General	•
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population Workers	Local Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term	0.02 mg/m³	General population Workers General	Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population Workers General population	Local Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population Workers General	Local Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population Workers General population Workers	Local Local Local Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population Workers  General population Workers  General	Local Local
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Oral	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.09 mg/ kg bw/day	General population Workers  General population Workers  General population	Local Local Local Local Systemic
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population Workers  General population Workers  General	Local Local Local Local

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
vinyl acetate	Fresh water Marine water Sewage Treatment Plant	0.016 mg/l 0.002 mg/l 6 mg/l	Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment Soil	0.067 mg/kg dwt 0.007 mg/kg dwt 0.004 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton @ or Nitrile, thickness  $\ge 0.38$  mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness  $\ge 0.12$  mm.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Brown.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

Flammability

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosion

Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Greatest known range: Lower: 2.6% Upper: 12.6% (propane-1,2-diol)

Flash point : Closed cup: 65°C (149°F) [Pensky-Martens]

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	215	419	DIN 51794
2,2' -oxybisethanol	229	444.2	DIN EN 14522-S
2-ethoxyethanol	235	455	EU A.15

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

pH : 8 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%] [DIN EN 1262]

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 2402 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Vapor pressure :

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		Vapor pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ammonia	360.03	48				
vinyl acetate	84.76	11.3				
Propan-2-ol	33	4.4				

Relative density : 1.249

Vapor density : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10

μm

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

## **Acute toxicity**

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8560 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1299 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3097 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
vinyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Guinea pig	6200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	1550 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	2500 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2335 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	_
ammonia	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	91 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	_
IPBC	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	_
terbutryn	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10200 mg/kg	_
10.20.17.	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	554 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	699 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3884 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2045 mg/kg	_
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1150 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	_
bronopol (INN)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Bronoper (ir tr t)	mists	T COL	ooo mg/m	T Hours
	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	4750 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	64 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	32.8 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	15500 µg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	22 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	26 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	48 mg/kg	
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	37400 µg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	270 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	194 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	190 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	180 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	267 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	254 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat		[-
			342 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	116 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	200 mg/kg	-

## **Conclusion/Summary**

: Not available.

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

vinyl acetate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
IPBC	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5
terbutryn	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05
bronopol (INN)	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	100	50	N/A	N/A	0.05

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	465 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 465	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ammonia	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				1 mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	44 ug	-
terbutryn	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	76 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	380 mg	-
bronopol (INN)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary :

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
vinyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
ammonia	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
bronopol (INN)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
IPBC	Category 1	-	larynx

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

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# SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	Acute EC50 2800000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		reticulata - Larvae	40.1
	Acute EC50 3200000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3300000 µg/l Fresh water	Larvae Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -	48 hours
	Acute EC30 3300000 µg/i Flesh water	Larvae	46 110015
	Acute LC50 8000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10000000 µg/l Marine	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	water		
	Acute LC50 10700000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
vinyl acetate	Acute LC50 10000 to 100000 μg/l	Crustaceans - Crangon	48 hours
	Marine water	crangon - Larvae	40.1
	Acute LC50 10000 to 100000 µg/l	Crustaceans - Crangon	48 hours
	Marine water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	crangon - Adult Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19730 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ammonia	Acute LC50 15000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
IPBC	Acute EC50 956 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2920 ppb Marine water	Crustaceans - Neomysis	48 hours
	A t - 1 O C O A O b - C b t	mercedis - Adult	40 5
	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours 96 hours
	Acute LC50 95 ppb Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	96 Hours
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 100 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
	, toute 2000 100 pps 1 100m mater	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	oo noaro
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 72 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
	Chronic NOTC 9 4 nnh	Weanling)	25 days
terbutryn	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb Acute EC50 3.1 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Dunaliella tertiolecta	35 days 96 hours
terbutiyii	Acute EC50 0.1 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Fragilaria capucina ssp.	96 hours
	Aladio 2000 0.1 µg/11 room water	rumpens	oo noaro
	Acute EC50 2 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 3.3 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 2.7 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
	A	subcapitata	40 1
	Acute EC50 2.66 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours 48 hours
	Acute EC50 7100 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Pacifastacus	48 hours
	Acute I C50 579 3 mg/l Fresh water		
	Acute LC50 579.3 mg/l Fresh water		40 Hours
	Acute LC50 579.3 mg/l Fresh water	leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling,	40 Hours
			96 hours
	Acute LC50 579.3 mg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water  Acute LC50 1.5 ppm Marine water	leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 1400 μg/l Fresh water	leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Carassius carassius Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
	Acute LC50 1400 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1.5 ppm Marine water	leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - Carassius carassius Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours 96 hours

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1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 97 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.24 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10 to 20 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
	-	dubia	
	Acute LC50 540 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 167 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.75 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.8 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
bronopol (INN)	Acute EC50 0.02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus	96 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 0.41 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Navicula pelliculosa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 36 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 41.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 26.4 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	0.58	-	low
vinyl acetate	0.73	3.16	low
terbutryn	3.74	-	low
bronopol (INN)	0.18	-	low

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

: Not available.

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Mobility** 

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities

with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Disposal considerations** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 12	waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste

packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations**: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from

the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

**Special precautions**: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be

taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.

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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions**: Not applicable.

on the manufacture.

placing on the market

and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

: Not available.

: Not listed

: Not listed

**Industrial emissions** 

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

**Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

## **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
vinyl acetate	Austria Occupational	Vinylacetat;	Carc. B	-
	Exposure Limits	Essigsäurevinylester		

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**Biocidal products regulation** 

VbF class : A III
Limitation of the use of : Permitted.

organic solvents

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

**Assessment** 

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

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DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

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SECTION 16: Other information		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated	
	exposure.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
	EXPOSURE) - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
	Category 3

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**SECTION 16: Other information** 

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